Curriculum 2024/25



Curriculum Intent Statement:

Our school motto 'Learning to Live, Living to Learn' is very much at the core of our curriculum. We aim to provide a curriculum that equips pupils with life skills for the future at all levels.

Our curriculum is designed to:

- recognise children's prior learning
- provide first hand learning experiences
- promote creativity
- allow the children to develop interpersonal skills
- build resilience and become creative, critical thinkers.
- understand their own strengths and areas for development and know how to face challenges
- promote responsibility for learning and future success.

The ability to learn is underpinned by the teaching of basic skills, knowledge, concepts and values. This involves developing learning attitudes and resilience – acquiring an understanding that we learn from occasional mistakes made. Teaching the skills of interacting with others, questioning, reasoning and explaining help to create a positive attitude to learning.

English

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	
Writing	Poetry	Recount	Instructions	Recount: report	Balanced argument: letter	Story	
Genres	Story Recount: diary	Non-chronological report Balanced argument: speech	Biography Poetry	Persuasion: leaflet advert Newspaper	Story Non-chronological report	Biography Poetry	
GPS		Revision of Yr3 Word types					
Knowledge	Expanded noun-phrases incl. prepositional phrases						
	Paragraphs						
	Plural and possessive –s						
	Apostrophe for possession – singular & plural						
	Fronted adverbials						
	Use of comma after fr	ronted adverbial					

Inverted commas for direct speech
Alliteration
Fronted adverbials
Use of pronoun / noun to aid cohesion
Continue to embed statutory grammar curriculum throughout all writing

Maths						
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Place Value	Addition & Subtraction	Multiplication & Division B	Fractions	Decimals B	Geometry: Shape
Blocks	Addition & Subtraction	Measurement & Area Multiplication &	Length & Perimeter	Decimals A	Money Time	Position & Direction
Caianas		Division A				
Science	Term 1	Term 2	Torm 2	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
			Term 3	ound		
	Animals including	States of Matter	30	ouna	Electricity I know how to identify	Living Things and
	Humans	I know how to	I know how to identify	how counds are made	•	their Habitats
I know how to describe the simple functions of the basic	compare and group	associating some of them with something vibrating.		common appliances	I know how to	
	materials together,			that run on electricity	recognise that living	
	parts of the digestive	according to whether	vibrating.		I know how to	things can be grouped
	system in humans	they are solids,	I know how to recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear.		construct a simple	in a variety of ways.
	I know how to identify	liquids or gases.			series electrical circuit,	Llos accelanos
	the different types of		Sourius traver timough	a mediam to the car.	<u>'</u>	I know how to explore
	teeth in humans and	I know how to	I know how to find pat	terns between the pitch of	identifying and naming	and use classification
Topics I know how to	their simple functions	materials change	a sound and features of the object that produced it.		its basic parts, including	keys to help group,
					cells, wires, bulbs,	identify and name a
	construct and	state when they are	10.		switches and buzzers	variety of living things
	interpret a variety of	heated or cooled, and measure or research	I know how to find pat	terns between the volume	Identify whether or not	in their local and wider
	food chains,	the temperature at	of a sound and the strength of the vibrations		a lamp will light in a	environment.
	identifying producers,	which this happens in	that produced it		simple series circuit,	
	predators and prey	degrees Celsius (°C)	that produced it		based on whether or	I know how to
		degrees celsius (e)	I know how to recognis	se that sounds get fainter	not the lamp is part of	recognise that
		I know how to	_	e sound source increases.	a complete loop with a	environments can
		identify the part			· ·	change and that this
		played by				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		evaporation and				_
		played by			battery	can sometimes pose dangers and have an impact on living things.

condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	I know how to recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit
	I know how to recognise some
	common conductors
	and insulators, and associate metals with
	being good conductors.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Computing	I know that algorithms can be used to accomplish multiple goals. I know how to confidentially debug my code when I encounter a problem. PC1 GENERALISATION*: To design, write and debug (correct errors) more complex algorithms that accomplish specific goals. I know how to add multiple complex variables to my block code. PC2: To be able to work with an increasing number of variables and forms of input and output.		I know how to add information, images and links to create a working website. UI4: To begin to create a basic website. Google Sites The site should include the new skills of inserting hyperlinks, print screens and cropping as well as previously learnt skills. I know how to use shortcuts to copy and paste information. UI5: To copy and paste from the internet. OS1: To have an understanding that information published online is public and permanent and be	I know that algorithms can be used to accomplish multiple goals. I know how to confidentially debug my code when I encounter a problem. PC1 GENERALISATION*: To design, write and debug (correct errors) more complex algorithms that accomplish specific goals. I know how to add multiple complex variables to my block code. PC2: To be able to work with an increasing number of variables and forms of input and output. I know how to sequence and use inputs and outputs effectively.PC3 DECOMPOSTION*: To sequence algorithms to	I know that multiple devices can access a document simultaneously. UT1: To use collaborative software padlet and Google Docs. I know which keys to press and hold in order to move text. UT2: To use copy, paste and cut keys to move information. Use shorthand keys too (Ctrl+C, Ctrl+V and Ctrl+Z). Google Docs on a laptop. I know that I need to input data in a table and then select this data to create a chart. UT3 DATA REPRESENTATION*: To use data within spreadsheets to create graphs or present data in different ways — To create	I know that algorithms can be used to accomplish multiple goals. I know how to confidentially debug my code when I encounter a problem. PC1 GENERALISATION*: To design, write and debug (correct errors) more complex algorithms that accomplish specific goals. I know how to add multiple complex variables to my block code. PC2: To be able to work with an increasing number of variables and forms of input and output. I know how to sequence and use inputs and outputs effectively.PC3

I know how to sequence	aware of privacy	enable effective program	a table of data and	DECOMPOSTION*: To
and use inputs and	settings on certain	function.	convert this into an	sequence algorithms to
outputs effectively.PC3	websites/apps.		appropriate line or pie	enable effective program
DECOMPOSTION*: To		PC123b: Use Scratch on	chart.	function.
sequence algorithms to		the iPad to incorporate	Google sheets	
enable effective		speech, sensor blocks,		The above objectives will
program function.		repeat /if/when blocks.	I know how to insert and	be covered by complete
PC123A: Lego Spike		Scratch V1 Lessons 1, 2,	change images and	the following compulsory
Essentials 'Crazy		5, 6, 7, 8	sounds to create one	projects:
Carnival games' to build			whole piece of edited	
and move a physical			digital media. UT4: To	
system, combining			select and a manipulate	
variables for a purpose			sound and images using a	
with a more complex			digital device. Use iMovie	
physical resource.			on the iPad to manipulate	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			sound and images	
OS3: To develop an			simultaneously.	
understanding on why			,	
there are age			I know how to wire a	
restrictions within			circuit to create a physical	
apps/games and that			system. UT5: To	
people online may not			understand how a	
be who they say are.			physical system works.	
OS5: To demonstrate an			makey makey hardware	
age-related			(linked to electricity topic)	
understanding of Online			To create a physical	
safety when			electrical circuit using a	
communicating online.			circuit board.	
Ensure that this is			ch care board.	
appropriate to your class			UT6: To understand that	
e.g. only chat to people			work can be saved to an	
online that you know			online cloud.	
and ensure an adult is			omme cloud.	
around.			OS2: To know the	
			meaning of 'cyberbullying'	
			and how to be an up	
			stander. Know who to tell	
			or what to do if they see	
			something upsetting on	
			line. E.g. a trusted adult or	
			use the report/block	
			use the report/block	

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Mayan Civilisation			Ancient Greeks		
	-					
	Know that			Know that the Ancient		
	Christopher			Greek period began in		
	Columbus inspired			began in 1000 BC and		
	people to travel to			ended in 146 BC.		
	the Americas					
	Know that Hernan			Know that people		
	Cortez travelled to			lived in Greece for		
	Mexico in 1519			40,000 years.		
	Know that the			Know that the height		
	conquistadors			of the Ancient Greek		
	discovered the			civilisation is broken		
	Ancient Mayan			down into 3 periods:		
	civilisation.			Archaic Period 800BC		
History				to 500BC, Classical		
Thiston y	Know that there are			Period 500 BC to 323		
Substantive	many primary			BC and Hellenistic		
	sources of evidence			Period 323 BC to 30		
Knowledge	for the Ancient			BC		
	Mayans					
				Know that there are		
	Know that the Maya			many primary sources		
	believed in many			of evidence for the		
	Gods.			Ancient Greeks		
	Understand that the					
	Maya believes that			Know that Ancient		
	the Gods controlled			Greece was divided		
	the world			into many city states.		
	Understand that the			Two of the most		
	gods were closely			famous were Athens		
	tied to the Mayan			and Sparta.		
	calendar and			Know that people in		
	astronomy			Athens voted for a		
				ruler of a democracy.		

Know that there	Know that Athens
were more	valued art and
pyramids in Mayan	creativity.
civilisations than	Know that boys could
the rest of the	choose whether to
world combined.	join the army.
Understand why	Know that girls were
they built two types	not valued in the
of pyramids.	same way as boys and
Know that pyramids	could not fight or take
were used for	part in education.
landmarks, military	
defense, burial	Know that people in
places and for	Sparta were ruled by
religious purposes.	a King.
Know that they	Know that Sparta was
would make	a warrior state and
sacrifices on	valued strength and
pyramids	its army.
Know that some	Know that boys did
pyramids were built	not have to work or
as homes for the	be educated as they
Gods.	trained to be warriors
	from a young age and
Understand why the	had to join the
Ancient Maya built	Spartan army.
two types of	Know that girls were
pyramids.	given an education
	and were taught to
Know that there	fight as fit women
were different	produced stronger
levels of Mayan's	fighters.
society	
Know that Maya	Know the Ancient
had city states and	Greeks believe in
each one was ruled	Gods and Goddesses.
by a king who was	Each had a power

the most important over a different person in a society aspect of life or the world. and they traded **Know that Greeks** between each other Understand the built temples to the hierarchy of the gods and goddesses Maya's society from and worshiped them the king to the Know that Zeus was slaves and the roles the King of the Gods. Understand that each one played. Greeks believed that Know that Mayan's dead went to the built temples, underworld ruled by palaces, causeways, Hades. schools and market Know that the places. Know that places Olympics started in had a ceremonial 776 BC. center for the royals Know that all wars stopped to allow city and nobles states to safely travel Know the features to the Olympics. of ordinary people's homes Know that the Understand that Olympics were held Mayan's were every 4 years in hunters and farmers Olympia to honour the god Zeus. Know that Mayan's used wood, stone Know that women and obsidian to were not allowed to make weapons. take part and married women were not Know the allowed to view the importance of Olympics. Married women who did were cocoa to Mayan thrown off a culture. mountain!

Know that the	Know that the Ancient
cocoa tree was the	Greek Olympics
tree of the Gods.	involved running, long
Maya were the first	jump, shot put,
people to grow the	javelin, boxing,
cocoa plant for	wresting, pankration
food.	and equestrian events
	Know that they
Know that Mayan	competed naked in
invented their own	the Ancient Greece
calendar	Olympics.
Know that Mayan	Know that women
had their own	had their own games
writing system	called the Heraean
	Games in honour of
Understand that	Zeus' wide Hera.
there were many	
reasons why the	Know the Ancient
Ancient Maya	Greeks enjoyed
civilasation declined	drama music and
Know that there	dance
were many battles	Understand that there
between city states	were multiple
documented on	theatres.
stone stelae	Know that there were
Know that small	three types of play:
groups of Maya	comedies, tragedies
continue to live in	and satyrs.
rainforest and	Know that the most
volcanic mountains	successful Athenian
of Mesoamerica.	playwright was
	Sophocles.
	Understand that all
	the actors were men
	and they changed the
	way they looked by
	wearing masks, wigs

	and padded	
	costumes.	
	Know that the Ancient	
	Greeks invented the	
	Greek alphabet.	
	Understand that the	
	Greek alphabet is still	
	used today in science	
	and maths.	
	Know that other	
	alphabets, such as	
	Latin exist because of	
	the Greek alphabet.	
	are Greek arphabet.	
	Know that the Ancient	
	Greeks traded	
	pottery, wine and	
	olives with the wider	
	world.	
	Know that city states	
	trades good between	
	themselves, such as	
	cereal, wine, figs,	
	pulses, perfumes and	
	cheese.	
	crieese.	
History		
History		
Disciplinary		
Knowledge		

I know that the equator separates the Northern and Southern I can name the seven continents of the world independently. I can compare the seven continents of the world independently. I can describe what a volcano is. I can compare the seven continents by size, number of countries and population. I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can name several different countries in each continent. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I know what some volcano erupts. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have differentes. I know that places have depending on where the yare located, such as desert, arcitic and tropical. I can explain how a volcano erupte to thelp people to the local people and tropical. I know where the vorld and tropical. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a volcano explain how a volcano eruption affects the dependent volcano eruption affects the volcano explain how a volcano eruption affects the volcano explai		Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Can name the seven continents of the world independently. Hemispheres. I can name the seven continents of the world independently. Hemispheres. I can describe what a volcano is. I can compare the seven continents by size, number of countries and population. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and officers the local people and environment. I can explain how a trategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know and sour and the vorlation of the proposal. I know some of the strategies put in place to the help people I know continuent. I can explain how a desert, arctic and the vorlation of the continuent. I can explain how a desert, arctic and the vorlation of the continuent. I can explain how a desert, arctic and the vorlation of the continuent. I can explain how a desert, arctic and the vorlation of the continuent. I can explain how a desert, arctic and the vorlation of the continuent. I can explain how a desert, arctic and the vorlation of the concept of the vorlation of the vorlation of the concept of the vorlation of the vorlation of the vorlation of the vo			Volcanoes		Countries of the		Earning a Living
the Northern and Southern Hemispheres. I can compare the seven continents by size, number of countries and volcano is. I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. Geography Geography I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I continents of the world independently. I can compare the seven countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have dependently. I know that places have dependently. I can explain how a volcano erupt in place they are located, such as desert, arctic and the coronery. I can explain how a volcano erupt in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people			I know that the		World		I know that the UK's
Geography Geography Geography I can escribe what a volcano is. I can describe what a volcano is. I can describe what a volcano is. I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can compare the seven continents by size, number of countries and population. I can name several different countries in each continent. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I know what some the UK's top indus are. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two country's industry different countries and state their similarities and state their similarities and environment. I know that places have differences. I know some of the strategies put in place the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I con ompare two country is now a desert, arctic and world affects the condition affects the condition and the cortex of the people to the people to the popper conomy.			equator separates		I can name the seven		industries are
Hemispheres. I can describe what a volcano is. I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain pow a volcanoe, and every different climate and sour hard paces have depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and world affects the vol different climate and sour are labour around the worl desert, arctic and world affects the total people thropical.			the Northern and		continents of the world		dependent on
Geography Hemispheres. I can describe what a volcano is. I can compare the seven continents by size, number of countries and population. I can identify a variety of jobs that belon different countries in each continent. different countries of the world. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know where they are located, such as desert, arctic and world affects the local to help people tropical. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people tropical. I can explain how a volcano eruption and esercity and affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people tropical. I can explain how a volcano eruption and the concept of trade I and the concept of economy. I can name several different countries in each continent. different sector of jobs that belon different sector of jobs that belon different element. I can explain how a care. I can explain how a clambar and state their similarities I can explain how a clambar and the concept of trade I and the concept of jobs that belon different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and world affects the conomy.			Southern		independently.		geographical areas.
Geography Can describe what a volcano is. Continents by size, number of countries and population.			Hemispheres.				
Volcano is. I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to release to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to rock and a state the released, such as desert, arctic and tropical. I can name sower and different countries and soft the world. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and state their similarities I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.					I can compare the seven		I understand the
Geography I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes.			I can describe what a		continents by size,		concept of trade links
I know some facts, such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to the local people world. I know some of the strategies put in place to help geople in the local people world. I can as several different countries in each continent. I can name several different countries in each continent. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people to the local people.			volcano is.		number of countries and		and the concept of an
Such as the height and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. Can explain why a volcano erupts. I can amme some major capital cities of the world. I can describe he climate and lands help determine country's industributes and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a describe here and different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical. I can explain how a world affects the local depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical. I can explain how of the economy.					population.		economy.
and age of some of the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. apeople and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a volcated, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			1				
the world's most famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help determine they are located, such as desert, arctic and the world. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I know where the North and South Poles are. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and thought and the world around the world around the world around the world affects the local labour around the world affects the to help people to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.					I can name several		I can identify a variety
famous volcanoes. I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain why a volcano eruption affects the local to help people I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people world affects the volcano eruption and the volcano eruption affects the volcano eruption affects the volcano eruption and the volcano eruption affects the volcano eruption and the volcano eruption affects the volcano eruption and the volc			_		different countries in		of jobs that belong to
Geography I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain why a volcano erupts. I can name some major capital cities of the world. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a unemployment aff people in the UK around the world affects the volcano eruption affects the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can name some major the the UK's top indus are. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how unemployment aff people in the UK's top indus are. I can describe he climate and landson help determine country's industry and differences. I can explain how a unemployment aff people in the UK's top indus are. I can describe her climate and landson help determine country's industry and differences. I can explain how a unemployment aff people in the UK's top indus are.					each continent.		different sectors.
Geography I can explain why a volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain why a volcano erupts. I can explain cities of the world. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people the UK are. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people the UK are. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			famous volcanoes.				
Volcano erupts. I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people Volcano erupts. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical. Volcano erupts. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can explain how country's industricts and tropical. I can explain how on the strategies put in place to help people tropical.					I can name some major		
I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts.					capital cities of the		•
I know that ash, gas, lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know where the North and South Poles are. I know where the North and South Poles are. I know where the North and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how unemployment aff people in the UK around the world around the world affects the located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.	6		volcano erupts.		world.		are.
lava and rocks are released when a volcano erupts. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as trategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know which to thorm and South Poles are. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a unemployment aff people in the UK around the world around the world around the world affects the local people tropical.	Geography						
released when a volcano erupts. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how of the they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.							
volcano erupts. I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as strategies put in place to help people I can compare two different countries and state their similarities and differences. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.					and South Poles are.		•
different countries and state their similarities volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how a state their similarities and differences. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people I can explain how or unemployment afferences. I can explain how or different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.							•
I can explain how a volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as strategies put in place to help people I can explain how unemployment aff unemployment aff people in the UK around the worl around the worl different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people I can explain how unemployment aff people in the UK around the worl around the worl different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			volcano erupts.				country's industries.
volcano eruption affects the local people and environment. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where I know some of the strategies put in place to help people and differences. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people and differences. I know that places have depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			Lana amalain kanna				t and available bases
affects the local people and environment. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people tropical. people in the UK a around the worl different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			- I				T
people and environment. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical. I know that places have different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			· ·		and differences.		
environment. different climate zones depending on where I know some of the strategies put in place to help people different climate zones depending on where they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people tropical. I can explain how of the labour around the world affects the economy.							
depending on where I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I know some of the strategies put in place to help people I can explain how of they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people I can explain how of they are located, such as desert, arctic and tropical.			· ·		-		around the world.
I know some of the strategies put in place to help people they are located, such as desert, arctic and to help people tropical.			environment.				Lean avalain haw child
strategies put in place desert, arctic and to help people tropical. world affects the economy.			Lknow some of the				•
to help people tropical. economy.					-		
					•		
survive when they					tropical.		economy.
			=		Lange dangerile		
1 can describe what							
eruption. some of the climate			Craption.		some of the climate		

 T	
I can explain the	zones of the world are
difference between:	like.
A composite, shield	
and dome volcano. A	I can identify key
dormant, active and	physical features of the
extinct volcano.	seven continents,
	including the tallest
I know what tectonic	mountain and longest
plates are.	river in each.
I know that:	
Most world's	
volcanoes are found	I can describe the
at the boundaries of	difference between
tectonic plates.	human and physical
	geography.
The 'ring' of fire' is an	
area around the	I can use a variety of
Pacific Ocean where	sources to find out
most of the world's	about the physical and
earthquakes and	human geography of a
volcanoes occur.	particular country.
Minerals, fertile soil,	
geothermal energy	
and tourism are some	
of the reasons why	
people choose to live	
near volcanoes.	
I can identify some of	
the animals and	
plants that live in	
volcanic areas.	
I can describe some	
of the human and	
physical features of	
Hawaii, a volcanic	
area.	

know that the apital of Hawaii is onolulu.	
can identify milarities and ifferences between ngland and Hawaii a non-volcanic and olcanic area).	
can carry out my wn research about a articular volcano.	

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Drawing and Sketchbooks	Print, Collage and Colour	Working in 3 Dimensions	Paint, Texture, Colour	Working in 3 Dimensions	Collaboration and Community
	Drawing Sketchbooks	Drawing Collage,	Making, Sketchbooks	Painting, Drawing, Collage, Sketchbooks	Drawing Sketchbooks Making	Painting, Drawing Collage, Sketchbooks
Art	Pupils will explore the work of two artists who create illustrations that tell stories. Pupils will respond to their work through verbal discussion in class as well as by collecting and consolidating information with visual notes.	Pupils will relax into making a sensory drawing by making holes in a page with a sharp pencil and needle. They repetitive nature of the activity will encourage pupil to make decisions as they go to create a rhythmic piece. Pupils will discover an artist	Pupils will become familiar with the term 'plinth', and the concept behind it. They will explore a variety of artists who use plinths in their work. They will consider the context and presentation. Pupils will make visual notes in sketchbooks in	Pupils will become familiar with the term 'still life'. They will respond to the work of Cezanne by capturing elements of his paintings in their sketchbooks, focusing particularly on colour, line, and shape. Pupils will engage in a drawing exercise to help them see shapes / explore line and colour.	Pupils will explore artists who draw parallels with other beings (birds) so that we can learn about ourselves. They will engage in peer/class discussion and will collect information and reflect in their sketchbooks by making visual notes.	Pupils will become familiar with artists who create sculpture based on food. They will be introduced to Claes Oldenburg and contemporary artist Lucia Hierro's soft sculptures. Pupils will respond by filling a couple of sketchbook pages with visual notes,
	Pupils will use toys, poetry, and their own text to create richly	who explores patterns, signs and motifs that hold	response to what they see and think.	Pupils will explore a variety of contemporary	Pupils will create observational and experimental drawings	jotting down quick drawings, words about how they feel,

illustrated narratives contained within a single drawing. Pupils will juxtapose objects to create their still life scenes from which they will work. Pupils will explore the materials charcoal, chalk, compressed charcoal pencil, and eraser to make their drawings.

Pupils will explore how they can build and share a story through a series of images. They will work from evocative literature or poetry to create either a concertina or a poetry comic. Pupils will have lots of opportunity to explore different materials such as charcoal, graphite, ink, or pastel. Pupils will use sketchbooks to develop ideas throughout.

Pupils will display their work in a clear space and reflect on the half term, sharing what they like and what they would like to try again through peer discussion. significance to her identity and will respond to her work in a class discussion.

Pupils will devise their own process criteria to help them make drawings inspired by Sol Lewitt. Pupils will experiment with materials and colours to invent their own unique patterns. They will consider angles and mathematical terms such as "parallel". They will work in sketchbooks. collaborate, and discuss aims and outcomes.

Option 1: Pupils will become familiar with tessellations. They will invent their own shape that fits together repeatedly. Pupils will explore colour theory such as complimentary colours, and cold and warm colour.

Option 2: Pupils will explore the work of a surface pattern designer. They will use collage to make Pupils will be introduced to a sculptor. They will respond through class discussion and visual notes in sketchbooks. Pupils will explore clay as a 'short term' construction material to make clay figurative sketches. Through this they will begin thinking about the distinctions between 'audience' and 'art'.

Option1: Pupils will curate, photograph and build their own pocket-sized gallery. They will be both artists and curators, engaging in conversations about "intention", "curation" and reflection.

Option 2: Pupils will work in small teams to respond to the Fourth Plinth Challenge. They will use sketchbooks to come up with creative ideas about how they might use a "plinth" in the school.

artists who study still life in different forms. They will respond verbally in class discussion. Pupils will compare contemporary work with the work of Dutch and Flemish 16th Century artists. They will record and reflect throughout in their sketchbooks.

Pupils will create their own still life artworks.

Option 1: Pupils will use collage to create their still life artwork. They will paint their own sheets of paper, thinking about line, colour, and texture to use in their collage.

Option 2: Pupils will arrange and photograph their own still life compositions before taking them into paint. They will consider colour, line and texture throughout the process. Option 3: Pupils will work with clay to create fruit tiles. They will gain skills in working with clay as a resistant material, resulting in an exploration of texture. mark making, colour and composition.

of nests using a variety of media. Through their work they will explore how drawings might be neat or messy as an expression of their personalities. Pupils will test materials in sketchbooks.

Pupils will use their own instinct and intuition to make sculptures of a nest. They will question what it is like to be a bird placing the first tentative twigs in place to build their nest. Pupils will explore different materials and construction methods to build inventive nests.

Pupils will display their work in a clear space and reflect on the half term, sharing what they like, what they would like to try again, the creative journey, and the skills learnt through peer discussion.

Marcus Coates

similarities and differences between the artist's work, and any other thoughts. Pupils will show you what they can see by creating observational drawings from film / life. They will consider shape, colour, texture, and composition whilst using a variety (and combination) of materials.

Pupils will explore their favourite foods through sculpture.

Option 1: Pupils will explore painting and sculpture by recreating tins and jars of their favourite foods. They will explore line, shape, and colour through three different exercises. Pupils will turn their paintings into 3D sculptures to form a classroom shop installation.

Option 2: Pupils will explore Modroc as a new material to make a sculptural feast which will contribute to a class meal. They will explore texture and

Laura Carlin, Shaun
Tan

their own repeat pattern, thinking about colours and shapes, and the relationship between the components to create a balanced composition.

Option 3: Pupils will fold paper and use pattern to make an object. They will explore colour, line, and shape to create patterns within their puzzle purse.

Pupils will display their work in a clear space and reflect on the half term, sharing what they like and what they would like to try again through peer discussion. They will take photos of their work thinking about focus and light.

Rachel Parker, Shaheen Ahmed, Andy Gilmore, Louise Despont Option 3: Pupils will make dynamic figures which stand on a plinth, built up from one single wire. Pupils will think carefully about their positioning of the figures. They will make notes in their sketchbook about their decision making, including fabric swatches and diagrams.

Option 4: Pupils will be given an imaginary billboard, what will they put on it?

Pupils will display their work in a clear space and reflect on the half term, sharing what they like and what they would like to try again through peer discussion.

Anthony Gormley, Yinka Shonibare, Thomas J Price Option 4: Pupils will work with ink and cardboard to create powerful 3d graphic images. Pupils will engage in exercises such as continuous line drawings and thoughtful mark making before moving onto their still life.

Pupils will display their work in a clear space and reflect on the half term, sharing what they like and what they would like to try again through peer discussion.

Paul Cezanne, Peter Claesz, Melchior d' Hondecoeter, Jan Davidsz, Jacob Vosmaer, Hilary Pecis, Nicole Dyer, Baas Meeuws, Hirasho Sato modelling as well as colour and form.

Pupils will lay out a picnic, including food which contributes colour, texture, pattern, and form to inspire lots of creative drawings into cloth. Pupils will work on a new surface (cloth) and see how using this material is different to working on paper.

Pupils will display their work in a clear space and reflect on the half term, sharing what they like and what they would like to try again through peer discussion. Pupils will reflect upon all stages of the journey and reference the artists studied. If available, they will take photographs of their work on tablets or cameras.

Claes Oldenberg, Lucia

Hierro

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Seasonal		Seasonal Food		Making Mini	
	Stockings		I can explain what		Greenhouses	
	I can explain the		the term 'seasonal		I know what a	
	difference between		food' means.		greenhouse is and how	
	the function and				they work.	
	visual appeal of a		I know that different		,	
	product.		parts of the world		I can explore a range of	
	·		have different		different greenhouses.	
	I can evaluate the		seasonal food.		I know how	
	function and visual				greenhouses are used	
	appeal of a variety of		I can discuss the		today.	
	Christmas stockings.		benefits and			
			problems of		I can explain how the	
	I can use pins to		unseasonal food		shape of a structure	
	temporarily fasten		being available in		affects its stability.	
	two pieces of fabric		shops all year round.			
	together.				I know that the weight	
			I know that some		of the structure needs	
D&T	I can use running		foods, like wheat, are		to be evenly spread on	
	stick, back stitch,		available all year		the base to make it	
	overstitch and zigzag		round in the UK.		secure.	
	stitch to join two					
	pieces of fabric		I can practise		I know that the wider a	
	together.		cooking skills		structure's base is, the	
			including slicing,		more stable it will be.	
	I can hide the finishing		dicing, beating,			
	knot.		whisking, folding, sieving, rolling and		I can use 3D nets to	
					explore potential	
	I can identify a variety		grating.		structures for a	
	of decorative		I can follow a recipe		greenhouse, assessing	
	techniques that have		to make fairy cakes.		their stability.	
	been used to decorate		to make fally cakes.		Lean investigate way	
	Christmas stockings.		I can describe the		I can investigate ways	
	I can sew a button,		cycle of wheat		of making a structure	
	bead, sequin or pipe		production in the UK.		more stable, e.g. by	
	cleaner onto a piece of fabric.		production in the oil.		inserting dowelling or	
	or tabric.					

	I can distinguish	adding triangles at the	
I can embroider	between fruits that	joins.	
shapes and patterns	are grown in the UK	I can experiment with a	
into a piece of fabric.	and those that are	range of materials to	
·	grown abroad.	test which would be	
I can use appliqué to		most appropriate for	
add decoration to a	I know how food	making the structure of	
piece of fabric.	producers can speed	a mini greenhouse.	
	up or slow down the		
I can design a	ripening process to	I can design a mini	
Christmas stocking	make fruits and	greenhouse using	
incorporating a range	vegetables available	specific design criteria.	
of decorative	all year round.		
techniques.		I can select appropriate	
	I can follow a recipe	tools and materials to	
I can use a template	to make fruit tarts	make a mini	
to cut out front and	using seasonal fruit.	greenhouse.	
back pattern pieces.			
	I can follow a recipe	I can follow my design	
I can follow a design	to make stuffed	to make a mini	
to create a Christmas	peppers.	greenhouse.	
stocking.			
	I know some of the	I can evaluate my	
I can evaluate the	nutrients we get	finished mini	
function and visual	from fruits,	greenhouse for	
appeal of my finished	vegetables, meat,	stability, effectiveness	
Christmas stocking.	fish and dairy	and visual appeal.	
	products.		
	Oliver and the second at the		
	I know when certain		
	meats are in season		
	in the UK and which		
	are available all year round.		
	Touriu.		
	I can follow a recipe		
	to make meatballs.		
	to make meatballs.		
	I know some		
	vegetarian options		
	that provide the		
1	- 1		

same nutrients as meat.	
I can explain how fish are caught or reared, processed and used in healthy meals.	
I can use what I have learnt about seasonal food to design healthy meals and menus	

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Identity and	Christianity	Buddhist	Christianity	Hinduism	Sikhism
	Belonging To understand how drama is used to reinforce important teachings and stories in religions.	To learn about the importance of Bethlehem to Christians and to find out what a pilgrimage is.	Festivals To gather, select and organise ideas about Buddhism. To understand why Buddhists give	To learn about the events of Palm Sunday. To learn about the significance of the Last Supper. To learn about the	To learn about some important aspects of Hindu beliefs in God. To identify some characteristics of Hindu gods and goddesses.	To find out who Sikhs are and what they believe. To find out about the naming ceremonies of Sikh children.
RE	To consider the ways in which we express our identity.	To find out about Mary and Joseph's journey to Bethlehem.	offerings during Vesak. To understand how	events that led up to Jesus being arrested. To find out about the events and emotions	To understand why a shrine is a special place in a Hindu home.	To find out about the Sikh baptismal ceremony of Amrit.
	differences between the beliefs of different groups and communities, and how we can show	To find out about some of the key features of the nativity story.	and why significant moments in the life of the Buddha are celebrated during the Ploughing Festival.	surrounding the crucifixion of Jesus. To find out about the events of the	To understand why puja is important for Hindus, and how it is practised at home.	To find out about Sikh marriage ceremonies. To find out about Sikh funerals and beliefs on
	tolerance and understanding.	To find out how religious ideas can be	To understand how and why Buddhists pay respect to the	resurrection and to explore Christian beliefs in life after death.	To explore Hindu worship in the Mandir.	life after death.

To explore ways in which a sense of	expressed through music and art.	Buddha during Loy Krathong.	To learn about the	To evaluate what you have learned about	
belonging is shaped by our relationships and environment.	To learn about how the emotions of the	To know how activities during the	meaning of 'Messiah' for Jesus and to summarise the events of	Hindu worship at home and in the Mandir.	
To consider some of the responsibilities of belonging to a global community.	people in the story are the same emotions as people have today.	festival of Songkran relate to the teachings of the Buddha.	Holy Week.		
To consider the importance of sharing in our global community.					

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
PSHE	Me & My Relationships To know that feelings can vary by intensity, person and change over time. I can talk about how feelings change and be different for others. To know and understand the qualities of a 'positive, healthy relationship'. I can read different emotions by a	Valuing Difference To identify different origins, national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds. I can say how differences sometimes cause conflict but can also be something to celebrate. To understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through	Keeping Safe To define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two. I can demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation To describe the different types of things that may influence a person to take a risk. I can give examples of people or things that might influence	Rights and Respects To learn about human rights and responsibilities and how they can impact their community. I can name some responsibilities and rights that I have. To recognise that they have a part in caring for and supporting their community. I can share ideas and make decisions that affect others.	Being My Best To identify how they and their friends are unique. I can say how being unique makes everyone special, different and valuable To recognise that we all make different choices because we are unique. I can give examples of choices I make and the choices others make for me. To understand that the body gets energy from	Changing To identify the different emotional reactions to different types of change and discuss. I can describe how change can make a person feel (both negative and positive). To understand how the onset of puberty can have emotional as well as physical impact. I can explain why young people can have mixed

person's body	negotiation and	me to take risks and	To recognise influences,	food, water and oxygen	up feelings when they
language.	compromise.	make decisions.	facts and opinions and	and that exercise and	go through puberty.
			doing so in a critical	sleep are important to	
To know when it's	I can begin to manage	To understand and	manner.	our health.	
appropriate to say no	conflict by using	explain the risks that		I can plan a healthy,	
and how.	negotiation and	cigarettes and	I can give my own	balanced meal.	To learn what happens
I can say 'no' in a calm	compromise.	alcohol can have on a	opinion based on facts,		to a woman or a man's
and controlled way.	To recognise	person's body.	opinions and other	I can give examples of	body during puberty
	potential		influences.	the ways people can	and that this is linked
To know the	consequences of	I can give reasons for		look after their physical	to reproduction.
strategies and skills	aggressive behaviour.	why most people	To identify the impact of	and mental wellbeing.	
needed for		choose not to smoke,	bystander behaviour		I can explain why
collaborative work.	I can suggest	or drink too much	and how they can make	To understand the	puberty happens.
	strategies for dealing	alcohol.	a difference to a	ways in which they can	. ,
I can name some	with someone who is		situation.	contribute to the care	To know the key facts
qualities or strategies	behaving	To understand that		of the environment	of the menstrual cycle
that help team work.	aggressively.	influences can be	I can give examples of	(using some or all of	and understand that
	-68	both positive and	how I can support	the seven Rs).	periods are a normal
I am aware of others	To define the word	negative.	others as a bystander		part of puberty.
and their needs when	respect.			I can give different	part or passing.
working together.	respecti	I can explain what	To define terms related	examples of some of	I can talk about how
Tron	I can demonstrate	might happen if	to finance and explain	the things that I do	people feel during
To recognise bullying	ways of showing	people take unsafe or	how society is	already to help look	puberty and the
or pressured	respect to others'	inappropriate risks.	supported by the	after my environment.	menstruation cycle and
behaviour.	differences.	парргорпасствка.	income of others.	arter my environment.	ways to help cope with
benaviour.	differences.	To know and explain	medific of others.		the changes.
I can say what to do if	To understand and	strategies for safe	I can explain how others		the changes.
I am, or a friend is,	identify stereotypes,	online sharing.	have a financial		To discuss the reasons
hurt or bullied by	including those	orinine straining.	responsibility to their		why a person would
another person.	promoted in the	To understand and	families and community.		want to be married, or
another person.	media.	explain the	rannines and community.		live together, or have a
I can recognise the	illeula.	implications of	I can give examples of		civil ceremony. To
qualities of a healthy	I can explain why it's	sharing images online	choices and decisions		know that marriage
relationship.	important to	without consent.	with money that will		should be entered into
relationship.	•	without consent.	affect me.		freely.
	challenge stereotypes	Langidoutificionesa	anect me.		ireely.
	that might be applied	I can identify images			Lean avalainb aam -
	to me or others.	that are safe or			I can explain why some
		unsafe to share			people choose to get
		online.			married, have a civil
					ceremony or live
					together.

	To was 4	Town 2	To was 2	To 1111	Томи	Town C
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
PE	Invasion Games - Identify space and move into it Pass and move effectively in pairs or small teams Develop simple transferable attack and defending skills Traveling with equipment into spaces Show strong teamwork within match play Begin marking the opposition to prevent Uses the full range of passes at the right time Simple tactic and strategy skills Begin shooting from different distances. Identify their own strength and weakness in performance	Swimming Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres. Use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]. Perform safe self- rescue in different water-based situations. Gymnastics - Manipulate movements across floor or on apparatus with control Confidently perform shapes at different heights with correct form and posture Begin looking into actions of counter balancing Execute jumps with Precision and safe landing Combine series of skills together in pairs and small groups Perform both floor sequences and sequence on	Swimming Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres. Use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]. Perform safe self- rescue in different water-based situations. Dance - To identify and practise the patterns and actions of chosen dance style To demonstrate an awareness of the music's rhythm and phrasing when improvising To create an individual dance that reflects the chosen dancing style To create partnered dances that reflect the dancing style and apply the key components of dance.	Athletics -Clearer understanding of techniques to use in long or short distance running eventsBeginning actions of starting a sprinting eventPace accurately during long distance runsCan participate in team events such a relay race and understand the teamwork involvedCan utilised their body part to enhance jump distances and heightsCan begin performing a hop, skip and jump for distance Can clearly demonstrate the difference in throwing events and techniques usedExplain techniques use and why they are effective.	Net/ Wall - Persevere in developing back hand and forehand technique - Play short rally's with a partner. - Serve underarm. - Begin serving actions for overarm serve. - Travel across the court whilst showing agility when changing directions and speeds. - Begin playing shots to move your opponent around the court. - Play small 1vs 1 to match rules. - Play manipulate matches in pairs against other pairs.	Striking and fielding - Clear understand of roles of batting and fielding teams. - Begin bowling towards a target from a close distance underarm. - Confidently trap, return equipment at speed. - Consistently catch throw or hit balls - Work more effectively as a fielding team. - Strike a moving ball confidently into space with power and accuracy. - Begin tactical strikes of a ball to score points - Make more correct decisions when to run or not to.

apparatus both		
individually and	d in dance using a	
pairs.	range of	
- Improve quality	/ movement	
and control	patterns.	
between rolls.	To perform and	
- Begin backward	ds evaluate own and	
roll actions.	others' work.	
- Self/peer asses	ss	
sequences.		
Critical feedback		
given to groups.		

Phonetics

Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous units.

Speaking
Communicate with
others with improved
confidence and accuracy.
Learn to ask and answer
questions based on the
language covered in the
units and incorporate a
negative reply if and
when required.

French

Reading
Read aloud-short pieces
of text applying
knowledge learnt from
'Phonics Lessons 1 & 2'.
Understand most of
what we read in the
foreign language when it
is based on familiar
language.

Writing
Write some short
phrases based on familiar
topics and begin to use
connectives/conjunctions
and the negative form
where appropriate. **EG**:
My name, where I live
and my age.

Vegetables

Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous units.

Communicate with others with improved confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and answer questions based on the language covered in the units and incorporate a negative reply if and when required. Read aloud-short pieces of text applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand most of what we read in the foreign language when it is based on familiar language. Write some short phrases based on familiar topics and begin to use connectives/conjunctions and the negative form where appropriate. **EG**: My name, where I live and my age.

Better understand the

concept of gender and

which articles to use for

meaning (EG: 'the', 'a' or

'some'). Introduce simple

adjectival agreement (**EG**: adjectival

Presenting Myself

Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous units.

Communicate with others with improved confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and answer questions based on the language covered in the units and incorporate a negative reply if and when required.

Read aloud-short pieces of text applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand most of what we read in the foreign language when it is based on familiar language.

Write some short phrases based on familiar topics and begin to use connectives/conjunctions and the negative form where appropriate. **EG**: My name, where I live and my age.

Better understand the concept of gender and which articles to use for meaning (**EG**: 'the', 'a' or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival agreement (**EG**: adjectival agreement when describing nationality), the negative form and possessive adjectives. **EG**: 'In my pencil case I have...' or 'In my pencil case I do not have...'

Family

Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous units.

Communicate with others with improved confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and answer questions based on the language covered in the units and incorporate a negative reply if and when required.

Read aloud-short pieces of text applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand most of what we read in the foreign language when it is based on familiar language.

Write some short phrases based on familiar topics and begin to use connectives/conjunctions and the negative form where appropriate. **EG**: My name, where I live and my age.

Better understand the concept of gender and which articles to use for meaning (**EG**: 'the', 'a' or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival agreement (**EG**: adjectival agreement when describing nationality), the negative form and possessive adjectives. **EG**: 'In my pencil case I have...' or 'In my pencil case I do not have...'

T ₀	
Grammar	agreement when
Better understand the	describing nationality),
concept of gender and	the negative form and
which articles to use for	possessive adjectives.
meaning (EG : 'the', 'a' or	E G: 'In my pencil case I
'some'). Introduce simple	have' or 'In my pencil
adjectival agreement	case I do not have'
•	case i do not nave
(EG : adjectival	
agreement when	
describing nationality),	
the negative form and	
possessive adjectives.	
E G: 'In my pencil case I	
have' or 'In my pencil	
case I do not have'	

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Interesting Time	Combining	Developing Pulse	Creating Simple	Connecting Notes	Purpose, Identity &
	Signatures	Elements to	& Groove Through	Melodies Together	& Feelings	Expression in
		Make Music	Improvisation			Music
			Demonstrate good	Demonstrate good	Demonstrate good	Demonstrate good
	Demonstrate good	Demonstrate good	singing posture.	singing posture.	singing posture.	singing posture.
Music	singing posture.	singing posture.		Rehearse and learn	Rehearse and learn	
	Rehearse and learn	Dala a succession della succession	Rehearse and learn	songs from memory	songs from memory	Rehearse and learn
	songs from memory	Rehearse and learn songs from memory	songs from memory and/or with notation.	and/or with notation.	and/or with notation.	songs from memory and/or with notation.
	and/or with notation.	and/or with notation.	and/or with notation.			and/or with notation.
		una, or with notation.	Sing expressively, with	Sing expressively, with	Sing expressively, with	Sing expressively, with
	Sing expressively, with	Sing expressively,	attention to phrasing,	attention to phrasing,	attention to phrasing,	attention to phrasing,
	attention to phrasing,	with attention to	staccato and legato	staccato and legato	staccato and legato	staccato and legato
	staccato and legato	phrasing, staccato	(short and long	(short and long	(short and long	(short and long
	(short and long	and legato (short and	sounds), vowels,	sounds), vowels,	sounds), vowels,	sounds), vowels,
	sounds), vowels, blended sounds, and	long sounds), vowels,	blended sounds, and	blended sounds, and consonants.	blended sounds, and consonants.	blended sounds, and
	consonants.	blended sounds, and consonants.	consonants.	consonants.	consonants.	consonants.
		CONSUMATICS.	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in
	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in	time'	time'	time'	time'
	time'	time'	Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.			
	Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.	Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.			Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.	Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.

Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) (e.g. Our Dustbin) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (e.g. Hear the Wind).

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do-do) (e.g. One More Day-a traditional sea shanty) pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (decrescendo).

Talk about the words of a song and think about why the song was written.

Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) (e.g. Our Dustbin) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (e.g. Hear the Wind).

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do-do) (e.g. One More Day-a traditional sea shanty) pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (decrescendo).

Talk about the words of a song and think about why the song was written.

Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) (e.g. Our Dustbin) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (e.g. Hear the Wind).

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do–do) (e.g. One More Day–a traditional sea shanty) pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (decrescendo).

Talk about the words of a song and think about why the song was written. Find and demonstrate the steady beat. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre.

Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.

Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) (e.g. Our Dustbin) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (e.g. Hear the Wind).

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do-do) (e.g. One More Day-a traditional sea shanty) pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (decrescendo).

Talk about the words of a song and think about why the song was written. Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) (e.g. Our Dustbin) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (e.g. Hear the Wind).

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do-do) (e.g. One More Day-a traditional sea shanty) pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (decrescendo).

Talk about the words of a song and think about why the song was written. Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) (e.g. Our Dustbin) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (e.g. Hear the Wind).

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do-do) (e.g. One More Day-a traditional sea shanty) pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (decrescendo).

Talk about the words of a song and think about why the song was written.

the steady beat. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, when it is repeated, when it is repeated, and addiscuss what the main theme is and when it is repeated, when it is repeat		Find and demonstrate	Find and		Find and demonstrate	Find and demonstrate	Find and demonstrate
lidentify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the syle of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify 1/4 metre. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify 1/4 metre. Identify 1/4 metre. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify 1/4 metre. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and				Identify the tempo as			
Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and motes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify major and motes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and motes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify major and motes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify major and motes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify major and motes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and montes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify ma		•		1	·	·	,
Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response, a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentationic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentati			•				• • • • • •
Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the Structures of songs. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify; Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify; Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. In texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify; Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. In texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. In texture in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and		4) 4 metre.	<u> </u>	,	4/4 meae.	4/4 metre.	4/4 metre.
fast, slow, or steady. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sund and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound staccato. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify ma		Identify the tempo as	4) 4 metre.		Identify the tempo as	Identify the tempo as	Identify the tempo as
Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on or certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the style of mesonse; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation or certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the style of mesonse; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the style of music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Identify major and minor tonality. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the styl			Identify the tempo as				
music and discuss the structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the following styles and fol				Identify: Call and	1		Recognise the style of
structures of songs. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound at staccato. Recognise the following styles and fleentify: Call and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recognise the following styles and follo		,			,		music and discuss the
lidentify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. when it is repeated, musical introductions. and when it is repeated, musical introductions. In the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and or instrumental line texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify: Call and response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases h		structures of songs.	music and discuss the	I	structures of songs.	structures of songs.	structures of songs.
response; a solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the following styles and for sintrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the		_	structures of songs.	and the rest of the	_		_
or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and following styles and following styles and following styles and for instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and following styles and following styles and for instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic s		Identify: Call and		ensemble; a change in	Identify: Call and	Identify: Call and	Identify: Call and
and the rest of the ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and following styles		response; a solo vocal	Identify: Call and	texture; articulation	response; a solo vocal	response; a solo vocal	response; a solo vocal
ensemble; a change in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and following st	1	or instrumental line	response; a solo vocal	on certain words; what	or instrumental line	or instrumental line	or instrumental line
texture; articulation on certain words; in texture; articulation on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. and when it is repeated, musical introductions. and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and staccato. Recognise the sound and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, any important musical features that distinguish the style: Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any any important musical features that distinguish the style distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and an		and the rest of the	or instrumental line	the main theme is and	and the rest of the	and the rest of the	and the rest of the
on certain words; what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the Recognise the Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the Recognise the Sologopies the Sol		ensemble; a change in	and the rest of the	when it is repeated,	ensemble; a change in	ensemble; a change in	ensemble; a change in
what the main theme is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the following styles and distinguish the style: Describe legato and stacca		texture; articulation	ensemble; a change	musical introductions.	texture; articulation on	-	texture; articulation on
is and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and following styl		on certain words;	*			*	certain words; what
repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important musical features that distinguish the style and any important mus			articulation on	-			the main theme is and
introductions. and when it is repeated, musical introductions. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the following styles and into the music. Rec		is and when it is	certain words; what	memorable phrases	when it is repeated,	when it is repeated,	when it is repeated,
Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by pentatonic scale by pentatonic scale by pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound				heard in the music.	musical introductions.	musical introductions.	musical introductions.
Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and my important musical features that distinguish the style distince distinguish the style distinguish the style distinguish the s		introductions.					
memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Nariachi, Gospel, Pop, Recognise the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style:			•	_ =	1	T	
heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style:		-	introductions.	minor tonality.	T =	· •	· ·
Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and following styles and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style features that features that features that features that features that features that					heard in the music.	heard in the music.	heard in the music.
Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and minor tonality. Identify major and and notes of the pentatonic scale by pentatonic scale b		heard in the music.	•	_			
minor tonality. Identify major and Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles			•		1		
Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style			heard in the music.	-	minor tonality.	minor tonality.	minor tonality.
Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound ear. Describe legato and pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style sty		minor tonality.		ear.			
and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical following styles and any important musical following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles a			•		_	_	
pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style Recognise the following styles and following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style		_	minor tonality.	_			
ear. and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style			Decemies the second		·	pentatonic scale by ear.	pentatonic scale by ear.
Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style		_ ·	_	_	ear.	Describe legate and	Describe legate and
Describe legato and staccato. Describe legato and styles		ear.		_ ,	Describe legate and	_	
staccato. Describe legato and Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that following styles and Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style styles and any important musical features that distinguish the styles		Describe legate and	·		•	Staccato.	
Describe legato and Recognise the following styles and Recognise the Recognise the following styles and Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style			Eal.		Stattatu.	Pecognise the following	
Recognise the following styles and features that following styles and features that features that features that features that features that features that		Stattatu.	Describe legate and	,	Pecognice the		
following styles and Recognise the Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, any important musical features that distinguish the style		Pecognice the	_		_		•
		_			.	•	
any important musical following styles and			_	ivialiacili, Gospei, Pop,			
		any important musical	Tollowing Styles and		icatures triat	aistinguisii the style.	Disco, Fully, Hip Hop,

features that distinguish the style: Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa and Reggae.

Improvise

DEFGA

Improvise on a limited range of pitches within a major scale using the notes:
C D E
C D E G A
C D E F G
D E F # A B

Make use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).

Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations.

Compose

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (e.g. do, re, mi fa soh) or suitable for the instruments being learnt.

any important musical features that distinguish the style: Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa and Reggae.

Improvise

Improvise on a limited range of pitches within a major scale using the notes:

C D E C D E G A C D E F G

DEF#AB DEFGA

Make use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).

Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations.

Compose

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (e.g. do, re, mi fa soh) or

Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa and Reggae.

Improvise

DEFGA

Improvise on a limited range of pitches within a major scale using the notes:
CDE
CDEGA
CDEGA
CDEFG
DEF#AB

Make use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).

Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations.

Compose

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (e.g. do, re, mi fa soh) or suitable for the instruments being learnt. Sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions.

Arrange individual notation cards of known note values

distinguish the style: Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa and Reggae.

Improvise

Improvise on a limited range of pitches within a major scale using the notes:

CDE CDEGA CDEFG DEF#AB DEFGA

Make use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).

Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations.

Compose

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (e.g. do, re, mi fa soh) or suitable for the instruments being learnt. Sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions.

Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa and Reggae.

Improvise

Improvise on a limited range of pitches within a major scale using the notes:
C D E

CDEGA CDEFG DEF#AB DEFGA

Make use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).

Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations.

Compose

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (e.g. do, re, mi fa soh) or suitable for the instruments being learnt. Sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions.

Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Pop, Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa and Reggae.

Improvise

Improvise on a limited range of pitches within a major scale using the notes:

CDE CDEGA CDEFG DEF♯AB DEFGA

Make use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).

Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations.

Compose

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (e.g. do, re, mi fa soh) or suitable for the instruments being learnt. Sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions.

Sing and play these phrases as selfstanding compositions.

Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.

Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, (for example creating music to accompany a short film clip).

Begin to understand major and minor chords.

Capture and record creative ideas using either graphic symbols, rhythm notation and begin to use time signatures, staff notation or technology.

Read and begin to use minims, crotchets, and quavers.

suitable for the instruments being learnt. Sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions.

Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.

Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, (for example creating music to accompany a short film clip).

Begin to understand major and minor chords.

Capture and record creative ideas using either graphic symbols, rhythm notation and begin to use time signatures, staff notation or technology.

(i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.

Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, (for example creating music to accompany a short film clip).

Begin to understand major and minor chords.

Capture and record creative ideas using either graphic symbols, rhythm notation and begin to use time signatures, staff notation or technology.

Read and begin to use minims, crotchets, and quavers.

Instrumental
Performance
Develop facility in the basic skills of a selected musical instrument over a sustained learning period.

Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.

Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, (for example creating music to accompany a short film clip).

Begin to understand major and minor chords.

Capture and record creative ideas using either graphic symbols, rhythm notation and begin to use time signatures, staff notation or technology.

Read and begin to use minims, crotchets, and quavers.

Instrumental
Performance
Develop facility in the
basic skills of a
selected musical

Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.

Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, (for example creating music to accompany a short film clip).

Begin to understand major and minor chords.

Capture and record creative ideas using either graphic symbols, rhythm notation and begin to use time signatures, staff notation or technology.

Read and begin to use minims, crotchets, and quavers.

Instrumental

Performance
Develop facility in the basic skills of a selected musical instrument over a sustained learning period.

Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.

Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, (for example creating music to accompany a short film clip).

Begin to understand major and minor chords.

Capture and record creative ideas using either graphic symbols, rhythm notation and begin to use time signatures, staff notation or technology.

Read and begin to use minims, crotchets, and quavers.

Instrumental Performance

Develop facility in the basic skills of a selected musical instrument over a sustained learning period.

Instrumental	Read and begin to	Play and perform	instrument over a		
Performance	use minims,	melodies following	sustained learning	Play and perform	Play and perform
Develop facility in the	crotchets, and	staff notation using a	period.	melodies following	melodies following
basic skills of a	quavers.	small range (e.g.		staff notation using a	staff notation using a
selected musical	Instrumental	Middle C–G/do–so) as	Play and perform	small range (e.g.	small range (e.g.
instrument over a	Performance	a whole-class or in	melodies following	Middle C-G/do-so) as	Middle C–G/do–so) as
sustained learning	Develop facility in the	small groups.	staff notation using a	a whole-class or in	a whole-class or in
period.	basic skills of a		small range (e.g.	small groups.	small groups.
	selected musical	Perform in two or	Middle C-G/do-so) as		
Play and perform	instrument over a	more parts (e.g.	a whole-class or in	Perform in two or more	Perform in two or more
melodies following	sustained learning	melody and	small groups.	parts (e.g. melody and	parts (e.g. melody and
staff notation using a	period.	accompaniment or a		accompaniment or a	accompaniment or a
small range (e.g.		duet) from simple	Perform in two or	duet) from simple	duet) from simple
Middle C–G/do–so) as	Play and perform	notation using	more parts (e.g.	notation using	notation using
a whole-class or in	melodies following	instruments played in	melody and	instruments played in	instruments played in
small groups.	staff notation using a	whole class teaching	accompaniment or a	whole class teaching	whole class teaching
	small range (e.g.	(e.g. ukulele or	duet) from simple	(e.g. ukulele or	(e.g. ukulele or
Perform in two or	Middle C–G/do–so)	recorder).	notation using	recorder).	recorder).
more parts (e.g.	as a whole-class or in		instruments played in		
melody and	small groups.	Identify static and	whole class teaching	Identify static and	Identify static and
accompaniment or a		moving parts.	(e.g. ukulele or	moving parts.	moving parts.
duet) from simple	Perform in two or		recorder).		
notation using	more parts (e.g.	Copy short melodic		Copy short melodic	Copy short melodic
instruments played in	melody and	phrases including	Identify static and	phrases including those	phrases including those
whole class teaching	accompaniment or a	those using the	moving parts.	using the pentatonic	using the pentatonic
(e.g. ukulele or	duet) from simple	pentatonic scale (e.g.		scale (e.g. C, D, E, G, A).	scale (e.g. C, D, E, G, A).
recorder).	notation using	C, D, E, G, A).	Copy short melodic		
	instruments played in		phrases including	Talk about what the	Talk about what the
Identify static and	whole class teaching	Talk about what the	those using the	difference between	difference between
moving parts.	(e.g. ukulele or	difference between	pentatonic scale (e.g.	rehearsals and	rehearsals and
	recorder).	rehearsals and	C, D, E, G, A).	performances.	performances.
Copy short melodic		performances.		Understand how	Understand how
phrases including	Identify static and	Understand how	Talk about what the	individual parts fit	individual parts fit

individual parts fit

ensemble.

occasion.

Reflect on the

well it suited the

within the larger group

performance and how

difference between

rehearsals and

performances.

ensemble.

Understand how

individual parts fit

within the larger group

those using the

C, D, E, G, A).

pentatonic scale (e.g.

Talk about what the

difference between

rehearsals and

performances.

moving parts.

Copy short melodic

pentatonic scale (e.g.

phrases including

those using the

C, D, E, G, A).

ference between nearsals and rformances. derstand how dividual parts fit within the larger group within the larger group ensemble. ensemble.

Reflect on the

occasion.

well it suited the

performance and how

Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion.

Understand how individual parts fit within the larger group ensemble.

Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion.

Reading Notation

Learn to read music during ukulele lessons. Identify the stave, treble clef and time signature.

Understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.

Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so). Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.

Talk about what the difference between rehearsals and performances. Understand how individual parts fit within the larger group ensemble.

Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion.

Reading Notation Learn to read music during ukulele lessons. Identify the stave, treble clef and time

signature.

Understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests. Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so). Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture. achieving a sense of ensemble.

Reading Notation

Learn to read music during ukulele lessons. Identify the stave, treble clef and time signature.

Understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.

Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so). Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.

Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion.

Reading Notation Learn to read music during ukulele lessons.

Identify the stave, treble clef and time signature.

Understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.

Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so). Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.

Reading Notation Learn to read music during ukulele lessons. Identify the stave, treble clef and time signature.

Understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.

Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so). Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.

Reading Notation

Learn to read music during ukulele lessons. Identify the stave, treble clef and time signature.

Understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.

Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so). Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.